

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XX—NUMBER 15.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1914.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest From Washington.

By J. E. Jones.

THE DIFFERENCE IN WHOSE OX IS GORED.

Many people who cannot understand the war enthusiasm in the different European countries ought to refresh their memories regarding their own war of "watchful waiting time." Very recently the United States was ablaze with enthusiasm for war, and the government held it off with difficulty. On a former occasion President McKinley stood as a check to this same war spirit, and only let loose the guns of battle when our justification to take up arms against the enemy had been fully established. Americans who are wondering whether Europe has gone crazy should recall their own excited mental condition when the question of war or peace confronted the United States.

OUR ARMY AND NAVY.

Contracts have been assigned for three new dreadnaughts for the United States navy. These new instruments of warfare will be forty-one feet longer and of 4500 tons displacement than any now in the United States service.

It may be that before Europe gets through the question of what country has the greatest navy will be settled, as our chances for first place are very good. About the same time that the contracts were let for the new dreadnaughts, Major General Leonard Wood submitted his annual report to the Secretary of War. It shows that the actual strength of the army is 4,300 officers and 80,000 enlisted men scattered over the world.

The General declares that to maintain the force in the United States for even a small expedition in police work of the Department it is vitally important that the regular army be substantially increased.

PRESIDENT SEES TWO MOONS.

The Washington papers gave considerable prominence to the big chief, Two Moons of the northern Cheyenne tribe, living in the Tongue River country, in Montana. The Commissioner of Indian affairs took Two Moons to see the President. Would it not have been more interesting had the series featured the fact that the President saw Two Moons, which is more significant than seeing a single moon, and would have made renown for Mr. Wilson as a competitor of the man who was.

"Two moons rise over the city, When there ought to have been but one."

One Two Moons was a conspicuous figure in the Custer massacre, and can talk the Indian sign language.

THE RECLAMATION FUND.

A fund of about \$90,000,000 has been accumulated through the sale of public lands which under the old law is in the hands of the Interior Department for expenditures in reclamation projects without Congressional limitations. Congress only became somewhat jealous of this method of expenditure, and the House provided that all expenditures in future should be limited to appropriations made from the reclamation funds by Congress.

Representatives from public-spirited states have vigorously opposed this change, but the powerful Democrat leader Underwood, with his party in the Democrats, are having their way.

NAVY LINES TO SOUTH AMERICA.

The probabilities are that the United States will carry out the plan suggested by the Secretary of the Navy and see their naval lines to carry mail, passengers, and freight to South America. Federal work ago Senator Webb introduced a bill to this effect, and it has recently passed the Senate.

EASTERN RAILROAD LOSS.

Sandwich is among the news on the back pages has appeared the docket of the Interstate Commerce Commission in reference to the application of the eastern railroads for a five per cent increase in freight rates. The application was made by the railroads four years ago, and the decision is to affect a denial of the petition of the roads, although permission for increased rates on some commodities in parts of the territory involved have been granted. In New England in the trunk line territory everything has been denied. It is estimated that the

CHURCH FAIRS

LADIES' CLUB FAIR.

Aug. 13 the Ladies' Club of the Congregational Society held its mid-summer fair at Garland Chapel.

The fancy table contained exquisite needle work; the table of the busy girls was pattered over by the young girls, and here many articles useful and ornamental were for sale. The apron table had aprons of many designs both useful and the more dress up kind. The ice cream and home-made candy tables were very tempting to lovers of the "sweets of life." The table of Miss Cross, with its pointed ferns and pillows filled with lavender and firs carried a fragrance which will awaken memories of Bethel in the minds of the purchasers.

The parlor was aglow with flowers and the bouquets appealed to the lovers of these bright, cheerful blossoms. Miss True presided most graciously at the tea table, which was a place for rest and sociability as well as refreshment.

The supper served at 6:15 was of the usual high standard and the tables were filled and refilled.

The ladies are much gratified with their financial success and the cheery atmosphere that was manifested as old friends met and chatted and strangers were welcomed.

WEST BETHEL LAWN PARTY

It was a gala day Tuesday for those who were fortunate enough to be able to attend the lawn party of the West Bethel Union Church. Despite the threatening aspect of the weather, which, to be sure, gave "friend pessimist" ample opportunity to voice his pestiferous lamentations—the ardor and enthusiasm of the happy throng was in no way dampened. It seemed to have a most enjoyable time from the moment of their arrival until they were compelled to leave because of the lateness of the hour. "The Birches," better known as "Grover's Birches," interspersed with booths and tables and rustic seats all artistically decorated, presented a most attractive appearance. Indeed so inviting was the picture that many total strangers who happened to be passing by were constrained to stop.

During the early part of the afternoon the base ball game between the home team and that from Bethel proved to be most exciting. One would have thought that the contestants were of professional standing, at least for the first eight innings, for the pitchers, who allowed but few hits, were well supported by both infield and outfield, many brilliant plays being executed by both teams. The score at the last of the eighth was 5 to 4 in favor of the home team, and then in the first of the ninth the timely hitting of the Bethel team and the costly errors of the locals turned the tide, and the final score, 11 to 5, showed conclusive though apparent defeat may be turned into victory at the last moment. The Bethel team deserve much credit for their "well-earned victory."

Captain Dean Martin, the "West Bethels" and Captain Robert Thurston of the "Bethels" are negotiating for a return game to be played sometime in the very near future.

Immediately after the game "The Birches" became the center of attraction, and from that time on the movement and jollity of the crowd, combined with the gratifying activity of the keepers of the booths, was unceasing.

Too much praise cannot be given to the efficient work of all those who did anything to do with the conducting of the several booths. An it was highly gratifying to see how well they all were received for their pains by having most all their things which they had for sale either bought or taken for.

The ingenuity of the people of West Bethel seems to be in exhaustion. All sorts of articles, both useful and ornamental, as well as many others, were put up, so that even the most particular were readily satisfied. Especially noteworthy was the work of Mrs. Adeline Grover's "Flower Class"—a class composed of little girls and boys approximately 10 years of age.

This or better, whose services the entertainment committee had secured for the evening's entertainment, unfortunately failed to put in an appearance owing to the fact that two of the members were out of town and were unable to be reached. The rest of the program which had been arranged was necessarily omitted on account of the rain.

(Continued on page 7.)

BETHEL PROGRESSIVES

Enthusiastic Rally Addressed by Hon. H. P. Gardner

Hon. Herbert P. Gardner the Progressive candidate for Governor addressed an attentive audience in Odell Hall last Saturday evening. Over 200 were present and the rapt attention showed that his speech was well received.

The rally was opened with prayer by Rev. W. C. Curtis, after which Mr. N. R. Springer introduced Mr. Gardner, who was received with loud applause.

Mr. Gardner told what the Progressive party stands for and that it places man above the dollar. He discussed the various planks of the three parties and said it was for the voters to decide which of the three parties was sincere. He said neither the Republican nor Democratic parties wanted enforcement of the liquor law and similarly used the Prohibition law for political purposes. He defined his stand on the question and said that he considered that prohibition was for the development of sobriety and temperance rather than for revenue or political expediency.

He spoke in favor of the workmen's compensation law and the employer's liability act, showing the justice and humanitarianism that would result from their enactment.

He also told of his visit to Col. Roosevelt in regard to his coming to Maine, and showed how unfair the press was toward the Progressive party.

The rally was a success in every way and did much toward strengthening the cause of progressivism.

SOCIALIST OPEN-AIR RALLY

Tuesday evening, Aug. 18, saw the first open air rally ever held in Bethel. That evening the Socialist party held a meeting in front of the post office.

For over an hour and a half, despite occasional showers, a crowd that numbered at one time a hundred persons, listened to the speakers, George A. England of Bryant's Pond, and F. H. Maxfield of Greenwood City were the speakers. They spoke on the essential differences between the Socialist and all the other parties; of the wonderful growth of Socialism as a world movement; and on the immediate practical hope and benefits it offers to us, here and now.

Of course the big event of the day was the supper. Those beans baked in the ground! Oh! Just—oh! that's all. And they were actually baked in the ground—the only real way to bake beans, of course—and by that old soldier, that master baker, Hon. George Harding. But no wonder they were so good—Tuesday was the second time he'd had charge of the baking of beans in that same old oven.

Those who weren't able to be at the lawn party Tuesday "missed it," and we who were present are sorry for them. But "cheer up," next year there'll be another.

MID-SUMMER SALE

The Ladies' Aid of the Bethel Methodist Church will hold a mid-summer sale in the church vestry on Thursday afternoon, Aug. 24.

Admission 25¢ for morning wear, fancy work, cream candies, food and numerous other things will be on sale not also a general gift department where one can surely get their money's worth.

The donations will be in charge of Mrs. B. F. Fickett and all who have artistic taste will feel well put to use and enjoy the donations of anything more. You have something you want. So, while you enjoy a dish of home-made cream, we guarantee enough general company that you may enjoy a pleasant hour.

A special invitation is extended to all.

NOTICE.

To the Milk Consumers of Bethel. Beginning September 1, 1914, the price of milk will be raised from 6 to 7 cents per quart and cream will be sold for 50 cents per quart for thick and 40 cents for thin.

This charge is necessary on account of the increased cost of grain, labor and care.

BETHEL DAIRYING ASSOCIATION.

WEDDINGS

LORING-KING

On Tuesday afternoon, August 18, a very pretty wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. King, when their youngest daughter, Carrie, was united in marriage to Mr. Paul Cushing Loring of Yarmouth, Me. Only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom were present.

The rooms were charmingly decorated with flowers and potted plants. Promptly at one thirty o'clock, to the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march played by Mrs. John W. Carter, the wedding party entered the living room and took their places before Rev. J. H. Little, who performed the ceremony, the single ring service being used. Mr. and Mrs. Loring were the recipients of a large number of beautiful presents. After a short journey they will go to Campion, N. H., to reside, where Mr. Loring has a position with the American Realty Co.

Mrs. Loring has been one of the popular members of Bethel's younger set and prominent in musical circles. She will be greatly missed by her many friends.

A GOLDENROD WEDDING.

Miss Anna E. Fries, the Bride of James Harold Young.

Miss Anna E. Fries, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey A. Fries of 73 Beaumont street, was married to James Harold Young of 71 Beaumont street, at the home of the bride recently. Rev. Dr. C. E. Rice of St. Paul's Universalist church performed the single ring ceremony.

The rally was a success in every way and did much toward strengthening the cause of progressivism.

PARIS GRANGE

Paris Grange met Aug. 15th at 1:30 P. M. Officers present, Master, Overseer, Lecturer, Treasurer, Secretary, Ceres and Pomona. Two members were received by deput. Notice was given of a change in the by-laws, so that a regular meeting might be held at a different hour, if the Master gave the notice at a previous meeting. Worthy Master and a list of committee to arrange the exhibit at the County Fair. Program of meeting:

SONG. Grange Reading, Sadie Bailey Prophecy, "Farming in 1950," W. W. Perkins

Song, Grange Reading, Lizzie Baker

Paper, Grange Reading, Sadie Bailey

Song, Grange Reading, Sadie Bailey

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CORSET NEWS**NEMO CORSETS**

**Nemo Corsets are Taking the Lead—
Once Worn Always Worn**

Every Nemo Corset has the patented and exclusive Nemo triple strip reinforcement. The "pocket" of each bone and steel, at top and bottom is protected by three thicknesses of material. Bones and steels are prevented from cutting through at the top and bottom of the corset. That is one reason why Nemo Corsets outwear all other corsets.

The latest Nemo inventions Lastikops Webbing and Lastikop Cloth have actually revolutionized corset making and placed Nemo Corsets still more clearly in a class alone secure from competition.

We are the only authorized agent for NEMO CORSETS in Norway

Nemo Corsets, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$3.50

**THOMSON'S
Glove-Fitting Corsets**

is a name that means something. It means something because every section and every gore of every corset that has been made has been carefully designed and as carefully put together TO FIT THE FIGURE LIKE A GLOVE.

This season's models excel all previous successes with the same workmanship that has stood pre-eminent for more than fifty years.

**THOMSON'S Glove-Fitting Corsets
\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00**

**ROYAL WORCESTER —Non Rustable—
CORSETS**

Comparatively few articles of any nature have attained the international reputation and prestige of the Royal Worcester Corsets. There has been an ever increasing demand for them since they were first made in 1861. Perfect ease, comfort and freedom, whether sitting, standing or walking, is characteristic of all wearers of Royal Worcester Corsets. The next time you need a corset try a Royal Worcester, in styles to fit your figure.

**ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS
\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00**

Thomas Smiley

NORWAY — MAINE

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

POST CARDS**Odd Lots and Samples**

While They Last

5c and 10c per Dozen

By Mail, 2 cents extra

Sold Only in Dozen Packages

No Two Alike in Package

The Oxford County Citizen

Bethel, Maine

"Atlantic" Coffee Percolators

Fruit Jars

Aluminum Ware

**G. L. THURSTON & SON,
BETHEL, MAINE**

BETHEL AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Ralph Young is working at Bethel Inn.

Mrs. Park of Orono is a guest of Mrs. Olive Grover.

Mrs. George Harlow is visiting relatives in Irasburg, Vt.

Mrs. W. C. Bryant is visiting relatives in Waterford.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Brown were at Mechanic Falls, Sunday.

Miss Josephine Corey spent Sunday with her mother at Gorham, N. H.

Mr. C. A. Lucas and Mr. N. E. Richardson were in Portland, Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Clark and mother, Mrs. Kendall, spent Sunday in Berlin.

Miss Mona Martyn is spending a few days with friends in Portland.

Miss Ida Merrow of Norway is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Thurston.

Misses Hilda and Marjorie Chandler have returned to their home in Auburn.

Eldon R. Whitman from Boston is visiting his sister, Mrs. Mae H. Bartlett.

Miss Mildred Bosselman spent the week end with friends at Bryant's Pond.

Evelyn Chandler of Norway is with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Chandler.

Miss Emily Davis of Roxbury, Mass., is visiting Mrs. Abbie Bean and Miss Annie Cross.

Prof. W. H. Chapman will play the organ at the Congregational Church, Sunday, Aug. 23.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Prof. F. B. Tuell, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr. Dallison Conroy has returned from Augusta, where he has been attending muster.

Miss Nellie Coburn of Portland spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. P. G. Andrews.

Mrs. Walter Ring and son, Wendall, of West Paris are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kendall.

Mrs. C. D. Manney has returned, having been the guest of Mrs. John Wilson at Berlin, N. H.

Miss Marjorie Parks, who has been spending a few weeks as the guest of Mrs. Jack Carter, returned home, Monday.

Mrs. Charles Thayer and daughter, Grace, of South Paris were guests of Miss L. M. Stearns a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis Lovejoy returned Friday, having been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bertram Packard at their cottage.

Prof. W. H. Chapman received word that Mrs. Chapman was on board ship and would arrive about the 23rd from her European trip.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. L. Farwell, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Mason and Mr. Byron Cummings attended Oxford Promona Field Day at South Paris last Thursday.

Miss Gladys Russell, who has been with Mrs. J. C. Billings this summer, returned to her home in Hanover, Sunday. Miss Russell will begin teaching August 24th.

Mr. Mellen M. Whitman and wife from Worcester, Mass., have been visiting his sister, Mrs. Levi Bartlett, the past week.

On Wednesday evening, August 26, Rev. H. E. Dunning of Augusta and Hon. Alton T. Wheeler of South Paris will speak in Olden Hall at a Progressive rally.

The pupils of Mrs. Nellie Brickett will be pleased to know that she is spending a pleasant vacation at "Cape Terrene," Palermo Forestile, and will return and meet her pupils this week as usual.

A party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Kilburn, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Park and daughter, Muriel, and Hon. Frank P. Bjarnes joined a party of 9 at Ms. Pazi, Friday, for a trip through New Hampshire, Vermont and Canada, returning home, Sunday.

Mrs. Eunice Holt is away on a visit.

Mr. Scott Robertson is painting his house.

Helen Clark spent a few days in Rumford last week.

Mrs. Alma Mitchell visited relatives at Hanover, Saturday.

Miss Grace Chapman of Portland is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Fox were in South Paris, Sunday.

Miss Owen of Auburn is a guest of Rev. and Mrs. T. C. Chapman.

Miss Emma Burke is visiting relatives in Milan and Berlin, N. H.

Elsie Anna is spending a couple of weeks in Westbrook with relatives.

Mrs. Chas. Davis visited friends in Gorham, N. H., a few days last week.

Mr. Ara Burgess spent Saturday and Sunday in Lewiston with relatives and friends.

Mr. Archie Grover and two little daughters are visiting his mother, Mrs. Olive Grover.

Hon. Frank P. Stearns, Mayor of Shawnee, Okla., is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. C. Park.

Mrs. E. E. Ferrin from Providence, R. I., spent a week with her sister, Mrs. M. Coburn, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Robertson of Portland are spending the week at Mr. Ziba Durkee's.

Miss Belle Clough of Boston is visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Herzerick.

Judge A. E. Herzerick and H. H. Hastings, Esq., attended Probate Court at Rumford, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orland Blake of Yarmouth, Me., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jordan, Sunday.

Miss Mabel Isley of Errol, N. H., is spending a few days as the guest of Mrs. Vitella Small.

Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Tuell were guests of Prof. and Mrs. F. E. Haneson at Mechanic Falls over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stetson of North Anson are guests of Mrs. Stetson's sister, Mrs. C. W. Hall.

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Curtis are visiting Mrs. Curtis' son, Dr. Baker and family in Auburn for a few days.

Mrs. William Lowe was called to Haverhill, Mass., last week by the illness of her grandson, Maynard White.

Miss Elsie Davis went to Norway, Sunday, and from there to Portland, Monday, where she will visit a few days.

Mrs. Witham returned to her home in Portland, Saturday, after spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Abbott and Mrs. Virgin from Rumford visited at Wallace Clark's last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Emily Cook returned to her home in South Paris, Friday, after spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Mary Neelham.

Miss Ruth Gibbs, who has been visiting relatives on Grover Hill and at Levi Bartlett's, returned to her home in Melford, Mass., Tuesday.

Rev. Arthur Shirley of Stratford, Conn., occupied the pulpit at the Congregational Church last Sunday morning and preached an interesting and helpful sermon. Mr. Shirley has been a visitor at Bethel for many years and is always cordially welcomed by his Bethel friends.

Summer Coughs Are Dangerous. Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious Throat and Lung Troubles, including Consumption. Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve the cough or cold promptly and prevent complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50¢ and \$1.00 bottles at year Druggist.

Bucklin's Arctic Balsm for Piles. Advertisement

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

For Summer Wear

This Store is Showing Some of the Latest Goods and Invites Your Inspection.

SHIRT WAISTS, very good values, wash silks, muslins, black and white striped, dotted muslins, black muslin, only \$1.25

BUNGALOW APRONS, made by a new company who are giving an exceptionally good value for the money, 50 cents

LONG WHITE APRONS, 25 cents

NEW NECKWEAR, 25 and 50 cents

**EDWARD KING,
Bethel, Maine.**

**Have Your Job Printing Done
At The Citizen Office**

**Freeland Howe Insurance Agency
Insurance that Insures.**

FIRE, LIFE, HEALTH AND ACCIDENT, AUTOMOBILE, PLATE GLASS, STEAM BOILER, LIABILITY AND BURGLARY INSURANCE. FIDELITY AND SURETY BONDS.

**Stuart W. Goodwin, Agent,
NORWAY MAINE**

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Mr. S. A. Parsons of Boston and Stonham, Mass., has engaged rooms in the Masonic Block, where he will open a Photograph studio on or before Sept. 15, 1914.

High Class Work Guaranteed at Moderate Prices.

Developing and Printing for Amateurs.

Copying, Enlarging and Framing.

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY

**DOUGLAS, BRUNEL and ETHAN ALLEN
FOR MEN**

DOUGLAS and PRISCILLA FOR WOMEN

Tan Oxfords with Elk Soles for Women and Children

TENNIS SHOES

**E. E. RANDALL
BETHEL, MAINE**

NOTICE

We have purchased the business of A. Donella, now located in the Brick Block, corner Main and Broad Streets, Bethel, and will run an up-to-date fruit store and ice cream parlor under the name of Bethel Fruit Co.

Long experience in hotel work has fitted us to anticipate the wants of the public and we shall make it our endeavor to satisfy your wants.

Give us a trial.

Yours for service,

**J. HAROLD NEAL,
C. E. NEAL.**

Wear
Latest Goods
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only \$1.25
company who are giving
50 cents

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THE HOME CIRCLE.

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

"Only a day at a time. There may never be a tomorrow. Only a day at a time, and that we can live. We know the trouble we cannot bear is only the trouble we borrow. And the trials that never come are the ones that fret us so. Only a step at a time. It may be the angels bend o'er us. To bear us above the stones that wound our feet by the way. The step that is hardest of all is not the one just before us, And the path we tread the most may be smoothed another day."

WAYS OF KEEPING A HOUSE COOL.

Keeping the house cool in summer is not always an easy problem to solve. People who have large houses and money enough to equip them with electric fans and other appliances can, of course, keep very comfortable, but it is more difficult to manage it in small houses.

Windows must be shaded with blinds, shutters, or awnings, and be well screened. All the heavy hangings should be removed and where possible the carpets should be taken up and cool colors, such as white, gray, light green and blues, should take the place of the warmer colors. Then white muslin curtains soften the light, though many people object to even that much drapery.

The coolest hours of summer are the night hours. Therefore the night air should be allowed to circulate freely through every part of the house. The best circulation is obtained by having windows open at the top and bottom instead of entirely at the bottom. This lets out the hot air and lets in the cool. When this method is followed put the screen in the lower sash of one window of each room and in the upper sash of another.

As it is important that sunlight, too, should enter the house at some time of the day, open all the blinds and windows in the early morning for a little while. Then darken the house for the rest of the day.

It is especially important that the attic and cellar should have proper ventilation. In the former a skylight or window should be kept open night and day; except, of course, when it rains. The cellar windows should be open only at night when it is comparatively cool. Open them at sundown and close them at 8 o'clock in the morning. Neglect of this method of airing the cellar causes a great deal of trouble during the hot weather. If the windows are not closed during the heat of the day the warm, moisture-laden air enters the cellar and condenses on walls, pipes, metals, etc. The colder the surface the greater will be the amount of moisture that will condense upon it, and a few days of neglect will make the cellar so damp that it will not be a suitable place for keeping food.

Several devices may be used to cool the air. A modified form of the tattle, employed in India for this purpose,

DEVELOPING, PRINTING and ENLARGING

I have made arrangements with the Shorey Studio at Gorham, N. H., whereby I can have developing and printing promptly and carefully done at reasonable prices.

A NEW LINE OF LOCAL PHOTO POST CARDS

A. VAN DEN KERCKHOVEN,
BETHEL, MAINE

could be had in any country house. Make frames the same as for window screens and tack on these enough narrow tapes to form a support for a thick bed of grass. Now cover with long grass fastened to the frame by sewing with twine. These frames should be placed in the windows and kept wet. The air passing through them is cooled. A garden syringe may be used to spray them with water. As these screens are not especially ornamental they should be placed in windows that are not exposed to view. Three or four of these screens will do a great deal toward keeping the air in the house cool and fresh.

A simpler screen may be made by covering a frame with coarse flannel, which should be kept wet in the same way as the grass screen. It is not so effective as the tattie and it requires more care, as the flannel dries more quickly than the grass. Another way is to put flannel over the ordinary screens, wetting it from time to time. If one or two windows downstairs and a couple upstairs are fitted with these wet screens they can be open all day, thus keeping the air in the house in circulation.

In the South old sheets or pieces of muslin are often hung in the doorways that face the breeze, fresh water being thrown upon them as often as they dry out. If the piazza floors can be flushed and the water allowed to evaporate, the house will seem cooler.

This free use of water, however, should be confined chiefly to dry days, when the evaporation is rapid. On mucky days little comfort would be gained. On these days one's comfort is increased if some of the moisture can be removed from the air, and for this purpose quicklime is very effective. Put large lumps of lime in earthen bowls and place about the rooms. The lime has a strong affinity for water and absorbs it from the atmosphere. The slackened lime which results may be used about the garden or the outbuildings.

WHY PIXEMEN HURRY.

Little Ross, aged seven, had been around the corner inspecting the fire station. He came home to tell his mother of what he had seen there. He said:

"And, mamma, if they are just in the middle of sweeping the floor, they drop the broom and rush off to the fire, and even in the night time when they are in bed, if the bell rings they jump up and dress and go to the fire—'cause if they didn't do that, when they got there the fire would be all out."

Several devices may be used to cool the air. A modified form of the tattle, employed in India for this purpose,

Sold Under Seal

Jersey Ice Cream leaves our factory purer than the requirements of any state or Federal pure food law.

Jersey Ice Cream

protected by our Tripl-Seal package, has the same exquisite purity when it reaches your table.

Look For The Tripl-Seal

JERSEY ICE CREAM COMPANY

LAWRENCE, MASS.



FOR SALE BY
H. S. PUSHARD,
Druggist,
Bethel, Maine

CANTON

Miss H. Louise Ellis of Portland has been visiting relatives in Canton and Hartford.

Leon Glover and family have gone to Norway for a few weeks stay.

Mrs. Amanda Foster and daughter, Mrs. A. S. Bicknell have been visiting relatives at Chesterfield.

John A. Dodge Relief Corps will hold an entertainment at Canton Grange Hall, Aug. 24th.

Willis Smith of Lewiston has been visiting his mother, Mrs. L. B. Smith.

Mrs. Maud Thomas of Boston and Maynard House of No. Turner have been guests of Mrs. G. F. Towle and family.

John C. Parlin and wife of Albion have been visiting in Canton, where they formerly resided.

The next meeting of the Universalist Circle will be held with Miss Eva Threlkell.

Mrs. Scott Doten and son, Wilbur, of Wilton have been guests of friends in Hartford.

Rev. W. H. Atkinson and wife and daughter, Marion, of Northfield, Vt., have been visiting at the home of John Marston.

Mrs. Edwin Thompson of Auburn has been visiting Mrs. Clara Hayford and other relatives in town.

Geo. Wyman of Readfield is a guest of Mrs. L. A. Davis.

Leslie Roberts is spending his vacation with his family at the Point.

An auction was held at the farm of the late G. E. Corliss last week.

The barn of Dexter Gurney was struck by lightning last week, but the damage was not great.

Luella Lord is working at Ralph Kilgore's. Mrs. Kilgore has been sick in bed for a number of days, but is improving. Dr. Twaddle is attending her.

Mrs. S. A. Wheeler of Walpole, Mass., is visiting at W. B. Wright's.

The ladies of North Newry furnished a baked bean and pastry supper at Mr. Eames' hall for the Appalachian Club, Friday night. There were forty-seven in number. Ice cream was also served during the evening.

NEWRY.

Mrs. L. F. Bartlett from Sunday River is visiting at A. H. Powers'.

Mrs. F. I. French is staying at J. A. Thurston's this week.

They began working on the State road this week with a small crew.

H. R. Powers sold two hogs to Mr. M. Williamson last week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. I. French were at Northwest Bethel last Saturday.

BRYANT'S POND.

Friday evening there will be a concert given here in aid of the public wharf. The matter has been taken up as a public benefit by our summer visitors. Those taking part will be Jessie Bell Collier, violinist; Gertrude Frozard, soprano; Grace Collier and Mrs. C. M. Wiske, at the piano.

McGillreudy will speak here at the Opera House on National issues, Tuesday evening, Aug. 25th.

The Trumbull Players were here three nights last week, and gave the best satisfaction to our people of any company that has visited our town for years. They promised to return again in the spring of 1915.

It is understood that Mr. Ned L. Swan will have charge of the corn factory here this season. Mr. Swan has been employed as bookkeeper there for many years.

A dancing school will be opened at the Opera House this week, and will be under the instruction of Virgil D. Willman of Portland.

Charles Hill of Woodland was calling on friends here, Sunday, and left the first of the week for a few months stay in Detroit, Mich. He was accompanied on the trip by his sister, Mrs. Ursula Cole, of Copperville.

Mr. L. Felt was with Chandler's Hotel in Portland a few days the first of the month, and last week he visited friends in Bucksfield.

A new upright boiler is being installed at the corn factory and other repairs are being made about the buildings.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

Infection and Insect Bites Dangerous

Mosquitoes, flies and other insects, which breed quickly in garbage pails, ponds of stagnant water, barns, musty places, etc., are carriers of disease. Every time they bite you they inject poison into your system from which some dread disease may result. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. It is an antiseptic and a few drops will neutralize the infection caused by insect bites or rusty nails. Sloan's Liniment disinfects cuts, bruises and sores. You cannot afford to be without it in your home. Money back if not satisfied. Only 25¢ at your Druggist.

Buckley's Arnica Salve for Sores. Advertisement

An enthaliment will be given at the Grange Hall, Canton, next Monday

BLUE STORES

OUR SALE

Don't Miss This Opportunity

The best Clothing Sales are those announced in the fewest words.

When a store advertises to sell Clothing lower than anybody and everybody—sells a \$20 suit for \$9.98, a pair of \$6.00 Trousers for \$4.99, etc., etc.

IT'S TIME TO INVESTIGATE.

We are not making the unreasonable and ridiculous offers made by some stores, but we believe we are selling good, reliable, well-made Cloth. ing lower than it is being sold by any house hereabouts.

Our Special Sale is a grand success. Have you been in? Can you afford to stay away?

Come in and let us prove our claims, for a pound of evidence is worth a ton of talk.

F. H. NOYES CO.,
NORWAY

SOUTH PARIS

GRAIN AND FEED

Lily White Flour

The kind the best cooks use.

GRASS SEED

WOODBURY & PURINGTON,
BETHEL,

MAINE.

OUR CLEARANCE SALE

IS SURELY A SUCCESS, AND WE HAVE A STORE FULL OF BARGAINS NOW.

Our entire line of Men's Oxfords are marked down.

The \$4.00 grade, Gun Metal and Russia Calf are now \$3.00.

The \$3.50 grade are now \$2.75.

The \$3.00 grade are now \$2.35.

Every pair is marked down, none reserved, and also many other lines for both men and women, are marked to these same low prices. You cannot afford to stay away from this sale. We pay postage on mail orders.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

Opera House Block, NORWAY, MAINE.

Telephone 38-2

IRA C. JORDAN

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

and Grain

BETHEL. MAINE

evening for the benefit of John A. Dodge Relief Corps. Miss Eleanor McGregor of Portland will have charge of the affair and the participants will be Geo. Lyons, Dorothy Gray, Estella Moran and Leah MacBrady, all of Portland. The program will be music by Miss McGregor; Dutch specialty, Master Lyons and Miss Gray; reading, Estella Moran; song, Leah MacBrady; Fairy dance, Miss Gray; Scotch song, Highland Fling, Master Lyons; violin solo, Gypsy dance, Miss Moran; Master MacBrady; waltz, eloc. Miss Gray and Master Lyons; reading, Miss Moran; Spanish dance, Master MacBrady; Irish specialty, Miss Gray and Master Lyons.

A family gathering was held at the home of D. A. Corliss and family of Hartford, Sunday, and a pleasant time enjoyed. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Walter Corliss and daughter of Astoria, N. Y., Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Nasor of Livermore Falls and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Oldham of Canton.

Mrs. Mary Ward and family of Brookline, Mass., are at their summer home, "Jerdisdale."

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Harmon of Portland have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Forhan.

Hazel Gilbert of Lewiston has been visiting at her home in town.

Mrs. G. L. Wadlin and son and Miss Minnie Swasey have been on an outing at Peaks Island, making the trip by auto.

Mrs. Nathan Reynolds and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Reynolds have gone to Ocean Park for an outing.

A man's worth is marked by his works.

Rev. J. H. Little of South Freeport preached at the Union Church, Sunday.

Mr. C. H. Bartlett attended grange meeting at Bryant's Pond, Saturday.

The ladies W. B. C. of Bethel wish to thank all those who assisted even by their presence at the picnic at Bryant's Pond to make the day a grand success and pleasure, it being an ideal day for an outing. The lunch was served in the open and the coffee contributed by one of our worthy Broth-

ers, was made and served by the large number of ladies present, was much appreciated. Hoping another year may bring together as large a gathering, for the social side of an organization means much toward its success.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED E. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.00 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$1.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1903 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1914.

PROGRESSIVE NOMINEES

For Governor
Halbert P. Gardner of PattenFor State Auditor
Merton T. Goodrich of BinghamFor Representative to Congress
Alton C. Wheeler of St. ParisFor State Senator
John H. Harlow of DixfieldFor County Commissioner
Benjamin R. Billings of WoodstockFor County Treasurer
Clarence L. Bidder of West ParisFor Register of Deeds
W. B. Strickland of ParisFor County Attorney
Archie E. Stevens of North ParisFor Clerk of Courts
Fred B. Merrill of BethelFor Sheriff
E. G. Frost of MexicoPLATFORM OF PROGRESSIVE
PARTY

"Reaffirming the great principles of human welfare contained in the national Progressive platform, we meet as the representatives of the Progressive party of Maine to nominate candidates, declare principles and urge cooperation of all citizens in an effort to promote justice, progress and happiness among the people. We hereby declare our firm and unalterable purpose to work for the advancement of the principles here adopted until they are enacted into law."

"We believe in an intelligent protective tariff constructed on sound economic lines, laid out by a non-partisan scientific tariff commission; a protective tariff which shall fairly measure the difference in the pay envelope at home and abroad; thereby equalizing conditions for the farmer, manufacturer, mechanic and laborer, who constitute the great body of consumers, and on whose prosperity the welfare of the country depends. We condemn the Underwood tariff law as unjust, unfair and sectional, and especially as discriminating against the interests of agriculture. At the same time we condemn the Payne-Aldrich tariff law and maintain that if the Republican party had kept its pledges to the people, the country would have been saved the other extreme now in operation."

"We believe in liberal appropriations for good roads and advocate that they be expended with the economic and commercial value of such roads always in view. We also advocate national aid in conjunction with State aid in building and maintaining highways over which rural free delivery routes are laid out."

"We believe in a cooperative agricultural banking system providing for a more satisfactory method of extending credits to Maine farmers."

"We favor a law requiring steam railroad corporations, operating in this State, to issue mileage books for five hundred miles, good to bearer, at the same rate per mile as books of larger denominations."

"Believing that no Statewide law was ever enacted to be respected is one reason and not another, and recognizing the fact that the prohibitory law has been more flagrantly violated than any other, we demand its strict and impartial enforcement. The people of Maine have twice voted this law into their constitution by the direct method, a principle of government on which the Progressive party was founded. Reaffirming its belief in the rule of the people, the Progressive party of Maine pledges its candidates for office in a Statewide enforcement of the prohibitory law. We advocate the simplification of the question of national prohibition to the people of every State in the Union."

"Believing in the complete sovereignty of the people, we favor as amendment to the constitution whereby the people may directly initiate changes in the constitutional law."

"Believing our belief in the principle of equal suffrage, we constantly expect to receive submitting to the people the question of extending this right to women."

"We believe in a fifty-four hour law for wages and children and demand the strict and uniform enforcement of the child labor law of Maine."

"We believe in a federal law prohibiting child labor."

"The Progressive party believes in the conservation of humanity; that the loss caused by industrial accidents should be treated as part of the expense of industry; that employees are hired, and the dependents of those killed in such accidents should receive industrial compensation without regard to age and without litigation. Therefore it favors the enactment of a workers' compensation law in harmony with that of the world's advanced nations, and a law which should apply to all employees without regard to the nature of employment to all employees of whatever nature, with such exceptions only as are universally made the compensation to be as liberal as the law allows."

\$100 Reward, \$100

The subscribers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been unable to cure in all its stages. This is the Cataract, or "Clouded Eye," which is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Cataract being a constitutional disease, requires a constant course internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the eye, thereby destroying the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The properties have so much restorative and curative power, however, that One Hundred Dollars for any case that fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

DR. JAMES D. COOK & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Send by all Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Tonic for constipation.

THE WEEDS OF MAINE AND
THEIR CONTROLHarold S. Oster, Assistant Professor of
Agronomy

"Cut out the weeds and the savings will more than pay the farm taxes in Maine," a startling statement but a true one, says Professor Oster in lecturing on "Weeds and Their Control" in the Farmers' Week Course.

He further says, "Weeds may be indicated on the following counts:

1st. They remove plant food and deplete the soil water content.

2nd. They crowd out useful plants.

3rd. They detract from the appearance and value of the farm.

4th. Desirable systems of rotation of crops have to be changed to plan for their control.

5th. The cost in terms of labor, use of plant food, and soil water, and decreased value of property is excessive.

No more important lecture has been or will be given in the Farmers' Week Course, than the one reported below. Read it:

The profit from the increase in yield of crops by preventing the growth of weeds would be sufficient to pay the taxes. Systematic study of losses due to weeds has shown that the losses for one season in one crop amounted to eight million dollars for a single state.

The total loss in the United States is very great. Much of this could be prevented by better care in handling pastures and hay lands and in the application of better methods of cultivation.

Undesirable plants not only remove the natural plant food and part of the fertilizer applied, but draw heavily on the water content of the soil.

They grow rapidly and eat on the light from the more slowly growing plants.

When dry times occur they do their greatest destruction. They crowd out the useful plants and are a source of expense as they require more labor in cultivation and more careful attention to harvesting. Desirable systems of rotations must be changed in order to keep them under control.

They detract from the appearance and value of a farm. Their presence may induce better soil cultivation. They act as a cover crop, and retain soluble plant food and they may be plowed under and return to the soil, but this should never be done with the seed ripens.

Every farmer should be observing and watchful to see that no new and noxious weeds gain a foothold. The names and habits of growth of all newly introduced species should be ascertained in order that proper methods of control can be used. Specimens will be identified if sent to the College of Agriculture, Orono, Maine.

Summer fallowing and intensive cultivation may be the only means of complete eradication in some cases. The orange hawk weed and king devil propagate both by root and creeping stems. The latter is the most persistent and both spread rapidly when once introduced. The root stalks are usually shallow and can be controlled by short rotation and shallow, intensive cultivation. Both of these are especially bad in Kennebec and Penobscot Counties. Every farmer should use the greatest vigilance in order that these two weeds may not be introduced.

In controlling witch-grass, the method used will depend on the character of the land where it is growing.

Any method used must be thorough and all the roots and stems must be destroyed before eradication is complete.

The grass roots are shallowest in pasture land and deepest in cultivated fields.

The best results are secured by beginning in mid-summer after the crop has been removed or the pasture utilized.

It is a surface plant and never grows deep. Use a breaking plow with a jointed and plow 8-10 inches deep in the furrow. Do not allow the edges to lay over the other slice. Cultivate shallow with a disk without disturbing the buried roots. Lay the disk half-way and disk over twice in the same direction as plowed. Allow driver to walk if it cuts too deeply. Disk and cross disk and cultivate shallow using smoothing harrow to keep soil completely pulverized. Continue the work in dry and wet weather, to conserve moisture which causes the buried weeds to decompose. By very careful and persistent work a heavy witch-grass sod can be completely destroyed. This work must be started in the fall and continue until the next summer to be successful.

Vermont Experiment Station bulletin No. 149 describes a very successful method if the land is planted to corn.

Every farmer should be observing and watchful to see that no new and noxious weeds gain a foothold. The names and habits of growth of all newly introduced species should be ascertained in order that proper methods of control can be used. Specimens will be identified if sent to the College of Agriculture, Orono, Maine.

POTATO GROWING.

Clarence A. Day, Director Farm Demonstrations, Washington County.

A practical talk on Potato Growing, this was the verdict of all who heard Mr. Day's lecture in the Farmers' Week Course. Mr. Day is a native of Aroostook County, is a successful potato grower, and is now in charge of the University of Maine Farm Demonstration work in Washington County.

In part, Mr. Day said:

The ideal potato soil is a light, rich, well-drained, sandy or gravelly loam,

which is well supplied with humus and will withstand drought. Low, wet, poorly drained clay soils should be avoided. A heavy clover soil makes the best bed.

Preparation for a potato crop should begin several years before the crop is planted. It takes time and thought to get a potato field in proper condition.

Clover soil should be plowed deeply in the fall and harrowed in the spring until the seed bed is deep and "melting as an ash heap."

The seed should be selected with care, preferably by hill selection, and stored in a cool, dry cellar, where it will not sprout before planting time.

The seed should be sorted, disinfected, cut in large, blocky pieces, raveling thin edges, and planted as soon as dry.

A liberal amount of high grade fertilizer is needed to produce the crops which the farmers of Maine expect.

The analysis will be determined by the needs of the field. A part of the fertilizer may be applied in the hill and the rest sowed broad cast and harrowed in or applied on top at the time of the first cultivation. Great care should be taken that fertilizer does not come in contact with the seed, as probably more poor yields result from fertilizer burning than from any other cause.

The time of planting will be determined by the variety, locality, market and the climate conditions. Plant in rows twelve to sixteen inches apart, dropping the seed nine to twelve inches apart in the row, using judgment as to depth. An acre of potatoes can be planted for two to four dollars cheaper with a planter than by hand.

As soon as weeds begin to show, an earth crust begins to form, hatching begins to check poison from the bark of waste material. Use Dr. King's New Life Pills and keep well. There is no better safeguard against blight. Just take one dose to night. 25¢ at your druggist.

Buckley's Arches Salve for Skin Diseases.

Advertisement

Constipation Causes Sickness

Don't permit yourself to become constipated, an year system immediately begins to check poison from the bark of waste material. Use Dr. King's New Life Pills and keep well. There is no better safeguard against blight. Just take one dose to night. 25¢ at your druggist.

Buckley's Arches Salve for Skin Diseases.

Advertisement

THE SPIRIT OF DISCONTENT.

Argos mounted his hundred eyes.

"That of the eye of putting beefsteak as there when they are black!"

in great New York Sea.

Summer follows and intensive cultivation may be the only means of complete eradication in some cases.

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NOTICE TO FAIRS

Interesting Document Sent Out To Secretaries By Commissioner Roberta.

In a letter sent out to officers of agricultural societies, the Hon. John A. Roberts, commissioner of agriculture, says:

I am calling the attention of agricultural societies to sections 14, 15, 16, 17 and 23 of chapter 60 of the revised statutes of Maine.

Sec. 14. (As amended by P. L. 1909, c. 95.) There shall be appropriated annually from the state treasury a sum of money not exceeding two cents to each inhabitant of the State, which shall be divided among the legally incorporated agricultural societies of the State not provided for by special enactment, according to the amount of premiums and gratuities actually paid in full by said societies, provided, that the stipend shall be based entirely upon the premiums and gratuities actually paid in full on exhibition stocks and products, and provided, that no society shall receive from the State a sum greater than that actually raised and paid by the society for said purpose provided, also, that each of the said societies and all agricultural societies receiving aid from the State by special act of the Legislature, shall cause the prohibitory law to be enforced on all grounds over which they have control and not allow immoral shows, gambling in any form or games of chance on said grounds.

Sec. 15. (As amended by P. L. 1909, c. 95.) No payment of any State aid, whether made under the provisions of section fourteen or chapter sixty of the revised statutes and amendments thereto or by special appropriation, shall be made to any society until the treasurer thereof files with the treasurer of State a certificate on oath stating the amount raised by it and containing the specifications required in section nineteen and twenty and with the following section; that there has been awarded and paid by said society as premiums and gratuities a sum at least equal to the amount appropriated to said society, and that the provisions in regard to immoral shows, gambling and the sale of intoxicating liquors have been strictly complied with.

In case of any complaint in writing, signed by the complainant, of the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter relating to the payment of State aid in any form to agricultural societies, the commissioner of agriculture may investigate such alleged violation, and is hereby authorized to employ such agents and counsel as may be necessary to aid him in such investigation, and the expense incurred shall be paid out of the general appropriation for aid of agricultural societies, except that, in any case where it has been found upon such investigation that the farm produced more than it did 10 years ago. If the production of the farm is not increased, then the farmer and his family must drop in the scale of society from the high and respected position which they have always held.

"The farm of today is not the farm of 40 years or even 10 years ago. The competition is much sharper and the steady rise in the prices of nearly every article makes it absolutely necessary that the farm produce more now than it did 10 years ago. If the production of the farm is not increased, then the farmer and his family must drop in the scale of society from the high and respected position which they have always held.

"With the increase in the cost of living have also come difficulties in the labor question. At the present time it is one

TON
MERCHANTS
ANT
POULTRY
ND
PRODUCTS.

RUMFORD

POINTS THE WAY

The Statement of This Rumford Falls Resident Will Interest Our Readers

Our neighboring town, Rumford Falls, points the way in the words of one of its most respected residents:

"I was quite miserable some years ago, suffering from an acute attack of kidney trouble," says John M. Harlow, of R. P. D. G., Rumford Falls, Me. "I had pains in my back and loins, and the kidney secretions were unusual and irregular in passage. I lost considerable weight. My rest was broken, as I had to arise many times during the night. Others had been cured by Donn's Kidney Pills, so I decided to try them, and in less than sixty days, I was cured. I have had no trouble since."

Priest 50¢, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Donn's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Harlow had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprs., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

Philip Ouellette has succeeded Mr. Flaherty as head clerk at Bowers' drug store.

Mrs. Orrin A. Davis is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lyman J. Kempton, at Rangeley village.

Mrs. Minnie Eldridge is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Virgil Linnell, of the Virginia District.

Mrs. Evelyn Melcher is visiting relatives in Andover.

The village schools will open September 8th; the Rumford Point and Rumford Center schools August 24th, and the other rural schools August 31.

Mrs. C. W. Barker and son, Alphonso, of North Leeds, are guests of her sister, Mrs. T. L. Barker.

Mrs. Edwin Brown of Washington has returned from a two weeks stay at West Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Pettengill of Franklin street announce the engagement of their daughter, Elizabeth, to Dr. John A. Greene, of this town.

François Roy of Montreal is visiting relatives in Stratfield Park for a few weeks.

Mrs. Edmund Bowers and Mrs. Paul Cyr are in New York, buying fall goods for the E. K. Day store. Mrs. Jeanie Piero is also in that city in the interest of the McKenzie Co., store.

Frank Wells, who has been painting at Cheney Theatre for several years, has accepted a like position at the New Majestic, and assumed his new duties on Monday of this week.

Philip Israelson is spending his vacation at York Beach.

Arthur Henry is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Henry Stone, at Poland for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Lochhead are entertaining Mrs. Lockhead's mother, Mrs. Boynton, of Lewiston.

Miss Ruth Penhollow is substituting for Miss Charlotte French in the Scenic Theatre, when Hon. Halbert P. Gardner, Progressive candidate for Governor of the State of Maine, spoke to the voters, and discussed all live topics of the Progressive campaign, both State and National.

Miss Eunice Lyford, stenographer for Parker & Bishop, spent the week in Portland.

Hon. and Mrs. George D. Bishop spent several days of last week in Madison, where Mr. Bishop went to attend a reunion of his regiment. While there they were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Albert Thibodeau.

A special corporation meeting was held on Monday evening last to consider the lighting of Congress street, traffic regulations, and compulsory connection with the sewers by abutters.

Nathan Conant, who has been very ill at Dr. McCarty's Hospital, is now out of danger. His daughter, Mrs. W. W. Gilchrist, of Thomaston came on Monday and will remain until Mr. Conant is able to return with her.

Dr. Carl F. Davis gave a paper at the meeting of New Century Pomo at Andover, Wednesday, L. W. Blanchard and A. D. Woodrow discussed the question, "Should the Governor's Council be now constituted by abolition?"

Rev. William Gaskin, pastor of the Universalist Church, was elected president of the Maine Y. P. C. U. at the annual meeting at Ferry Beach last week. Miss Marguerite McLean was elected superintendent of Post Office Missions.

Rev. Nicholas J. Moran, the first rector of St. Athanasius Church, has been transferred from Calais to the church at Bath. Since about 1885, Rev. Father Moran has served many Maine parishes most acceptably.

The Oxford Paper Co. has placed a contract with a Worcester machine company for a 132-inch fourdriner machine to be installed in the new addition to their mill.

A son was born last week at Dr. McCarty's Hospital, to the wife of George St. Pierre.

Mrs. Carletha M. Littlefield is visiting relatives at Portland for several

ANDOVER

Miss Ramona Twitchell, who has been visiting Mr. Guy Learned, returned to Woodsford, Monday.

There was a union service at the Methodist Church, Sunday evening. Rev. A. E. Roberts of Rumford Center spoke, followed by Rev. Mr. Graham and Mr. Reiffelder. Music was furnished by the Universalist choir.

Mrs. Sidney Abbott was taken very ill, Sunday.

The Y. P. S. C. E. held a lawn party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Akers, Tuesday evening. Ice cream and cake were served.

Dr. H. P. Jones and wife from Norway were guests of Miss Jane Gregg the first of the week.

Richard Talbot and family, who have been visiting friends in town, returned to their home in Augusta, Monday.

Mrs. Roger Thurston and mother, Mrs. George Thomas, visited Mrs. Bert Dunn at the Surplus, Thursday of last week.

Miss Bertha Poor, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Girdler Swett, returned to Hebron, Tuesday.

Frederick Akers and wife and Mrs. Emerson from Methuen are visiting Mr. Akers' brother, Lucien Akers and family this week.

A union service will be held at the Universalist Church next Sunday evening, Aug. 23. Rev. Geo. Graham of the Congregational Church will be the speaker.

Lucy Crowley of Portland has been the guest of friends in town.

Miss Helen Staples of Lynn is visiting Mrs. Owen Lovjoy.

Marshall Howard has a crew of men working on the new road that has been laid out by the selection at No. 4.

Annie Pierce from Portland is visiting at Nelson Campbell's.

R. L. Melcher and family from Rumford were in town, Sunday.

Mr. Reeves from Philadelphia is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Geo. M. Newhall, at their cottage, The Wayside, South Andover.

Y. A. and R. L. Thurston, George Learned and Frank Akers attended the K. P. Lodge at Hanover, Saturday evening.

Somers Cushman, salesman for the Ford Automobile Co., arrived from Detroit, Mich., Tuesday, and will spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Cushman.

Bert Dunn has a crew of men working on the Surplus road this week.

New Century Pomo at Lone Mt. Grange, Wednesday, a large number were present.

Vivian Learned is working for her sister, Mrs. Jessie Glover.

Henry R. Porter and family from Auburn were recent guests of F. P. Thomas and wife.

Mrs. R. L. Melcher and daughter, Miss Evelyn, from Rumford attended the King's Daughters' Sale, Wednesday evening of last week.

Mrs. Arthur Poor and daughter arrived from New Brunswick, Saturday, and are at Henry L. Poor's.

E. S. Dutton of Portland has been visiting friends at East Andover.

EAST BETHEL

Mrs. Etta Bartlett has gone to Berlin, N. H., the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Bartlett.

Miss Marie Wight is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. C. M. Kimball and family.

Mrs. Lizzie Simpson and Prof. and Mrs. Brewer Whitemore of Boston are guests of Mrs. Susie Bass.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Bartlett, Mr. Leon Bartlett and daughter, Miss Evelyn of Berlin, N. H., were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Kimball.

Guests being entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Z. W. Bartlett are Mr. John D. Bean of Somerville, Mass., Mrs. Geo. Blake and daughter, Ethel, of Malden Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Kimball recently visited their daughter, Mrs. G. N. Sanborn and family, West Bethel, Flat Road.

East Bethel Church is receiving two new coats of paint.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

WASHINGTON LETTER

For the third time since it became the residence of the chief executive of the United States, the Angel of Death has knocked at the door of the White House and called away the wife of the President. The first occasion was on Sept. 10, 1842, when Mrs. Letitia Tyler passed away; the second was on October 25, 1892, when the death of Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison occurred; and the third was on August 6, 1914, when Mrs. Ellen Louise Wilson closed her eyes in the sleep that knows no waking.

Mrs. Wilson had artistic ability of no mean order and had many charming traits of character which endeared her to all who had the privilege of her acquaintance. The essential nobility of her nature was best indicated by her interest in and work for others.

She was especially interested in the movement for the education of the Southern mountain people, and in measures for the benefit of the poor of Washington.

On the morning of the day she died Mrs. Wilson said that she would be happy if she could be assured of the passage of what is commonly called the "Washington Alley bill"—and it is a pleasure to add that from both the Senate and the House there came the prompt assurance that the bill will soon become a law. And her last words to Dr. Grayson were "promise me that you will take care of Woodrow."

The whole nation extends its sympathy to the President and his daughters in their sorrow.

Shortly before it became known that Mrs. Wilson was dangerously ill it was whispered around that a new honor is to come to the President in February next when the stork is expected to visit Mrs. Francis B. Sayre. It is not yet known whether it will alight in the White House or the modest cottage in Williamstown, Massachusetts, where Mr. and Mrs. Sayre will live next winter.

Marshall Howard has a crew of men working on the new road that has been laid out by the selection at No. 4.

Annie Pierce from Portland is visiting at Nelson Campbell's.

R. L. Melcher and family from Rumford were in town, Sunday.

Mr. Reeves from Philadelphia is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Geo. M. Newhall, at their cottage, The Wayside, South Andover.

Y. A. and R. L. Thurston, George Learned and Frank Akers attended the K. P. Lodge at Hanover, Saturday evening.

It begins to look as if Congress will remain in session until there is a rift in the war clouds now encompassing the whole of Europe, in which event much needed legislation will be enacted that would otherwise have been left until the short session of Congress in order that legislators could go home and participate in their primaries and, later, in the elections.

The President's anti-trust legislation program is moving along slowly but surely, and it is confidently predicted that within the next six weeks the bills dealing with the various phases of trust affairs will be out of the way and then, should the European war still continue, Congress would remain in session to take care of any eventualities that might arise to disturb the peace or the commerce of the United States.

Senators and Congressmen are discussing war, its causes and effects, while bulletins are eagerly scanned for news of a reliable character that will give the true situation as its exists in the great theatre of conflict now raging. Many conflicting views obtain among the nation's statesmen as to the probable effect the war will have on the United States, the prevailing belief being that it will result in higher prices for American products, especially food stuffs. There are those, however, who think they will be more than counterbalanced by the cutting off of certain countries from our markets and the wholesale impoverishment of the nations now at one another's throats. Be this as it may, it is most generally conceded that the time is ripe for the nation to put its best foot forward toward securing a larger trade with South America.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Kimball, now in Germany, control much of the trade, is engaged in a titanic struggle for its very existence. On tottering thrones, therefore, America may benefit immeasurably.

Washington society, what remains of it in Washington, is living an "al fresco" life. There are cabinet meetings, and many congressional hostesses still by the sides of their illustrious husbands in spite of the reputation for the boiling point in temperature which Washington enjoys.

And there are festivities of course, for, as one hostess puts it, "one must dine, and why dine alone?" So there is scarcely an evening when a merry party does not gather on a porch, a picturesquely lawn, or in a professed bachelor in and around Washington, for the formal meal of the day. Secretary and Mrs. Daniels, who are living in a charming suburban home on a hill overlooking the city, are among the leaders of these hostess and hostesses.

Others who are following in these lines are Senator and Mrs. Key Pittman, the Senator being the original of the young lawyer in Rex Beach's novel "The Battler," who are in a lovely old place overlooking the Potomac on

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BUCKFIELD.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Warren and daughter visited relatives in Westbrook the past week.

Ernest Gould and wife and baby of Freeport have been visiting Mrs. Gould's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Waite, the past week.

Rev. Eleanor Forbes of Gray, with her mother are at their old home with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sanborn.

Eugene Vaughn was here with his family over Sunday.

Julia Giles returned from Camp Giles, Saturday. This week the camp will be occupied by H. F. Rawson and wife and Wilbur Roberts and wife.

The Misses Amy, Mildred and Helen Shaw were guests of friends in Mechanic Falls, Wednesday and Thursday. Miss L. D. Irish, head nurse at Dr. McCarthy's hospital, Rumford, is spending her vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Irish.

Edwin Staples is working for Rider Bros., loading pulpwood on the cars at East Peru.

Frank Irish has gone to Hartford to work for Henry Browne.

Clinton Child and family, who have been spending a month at the Oldman camp, have returned to their home at Madison, Me.

Chas. Winslow of Rumford is building a shop on his lot at Worthley Pond.

B. C. Kildare is marketing his early potatoes at Rumford.

Miss M. D. Lant of Boston, who has been visiting her niece, Mrs. H. A. Chase, has gone to visit her nephew, Herbert Lunt and wife, of West Peru.

Mrs. Bonnie Parsons and son, Howard, are visiting relatives here this week.

the Virginia side of the river; Senator Newlands, who has a lovely suburban home and lives in it the year round, and Secretary and Mrs. Bryan, who are the real leaders in the garden party and porch party affairs, are entertaining in this way almost constantly.

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CURRENT TIME TABLE.

Effective June 28, 1914.

EAST BOUND.

Stations.	No. 14	No. 4	No. 15
	DAILY	EX. SUM.	DAILY
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Berlin, leaves,	3:45	8:01	8:58
Gorham,	4:00	8:17	9:13
West Bethel,	4:35	8:17	9:45
BETHEL	4:40	8:55	9:52
Locke's Mills,	9:05	9:35	4:00
Bryant's Pond,	3:05	9:13	4:05
South Paris,	3:30	9:12	4:19
Lewiston, arrives	6:10	10:50	5:35
Portland	7:40	11:45	6:30

WEST BOUND.

Stations.	No. 13	No. 5	No. 1
	DAILY	EX. SUM.	DAILY
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Portland, 2	7:45	1:30	7:20
Lewiston, leaves,	8:45	2:35	7:45
South Paris,	9:43	3:35	8:51
Bryant's Pond,	10:10	4:05	9:34
Locke's Mills,	10:34	4:18	9:33
BETHEL	10:35	4:27	9:43
West Bethel,	10:38	4:35	9:52
Gorham,	11:16	5:17	10:32
Bethel	11:31	5:37	10:46

Trains 4 and 5 carry Cash between Berlin and
Bethel.

Bethel Excursion Sunday. Use tables, etc.

Excursion as usual.

For fares, time tables, maps and reliable
information, write

P. E. PURRINGTON,
Agent O. T. Ryer,
Bethel, Me.

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POEMS WORTH READING

DON'T SEND MY BOY TO PRISON.

I strolled into a court house,
Not many miles from here;
A boy stood in the prisoners' dock,
His mother, she was there;
The boy was quite a youngster,
But he had gone astray,
And from his master's cashbox
He had taken coin away.

The boy addressed His Honor,
While the tears rolled down his
cheek,
"Kind sir, will you please to allow
My mother there to speak?"
His Honor then consented
While the boy hung down his head,
And turning to the jurymen,
These words the mother said:

"Remember, I'm a mother,
The prisoner there's my son,
And, gentlemen, remember,
It's the first crime he has done.
Don't send my boy to prison,
For that would drive me mad.
Remember, I'm a mother,
And I'm pleading for my lad."

The lawyer for the prosecutor
At her began to frown,
And asked His Honor if he would
Not make her to sit down.
He said it was disgraceful
And a gross insult indeed
For him to sit there on that bench
And allow that woman to plead.

The mother's eyes flashed fire,
Her cheeks turned deadly pale,
She said, "I'm here to try and save
My offspring from the jail.
I know my boy is guilty
And own his crime is bad,
But who is there more fit to plead
Than a mother for her lad?"

The Judge addressed the prisoner,
And in kind words did say,
"It pains my heart indeed, my boy,
To see you here today,
I will not blight your future,
But on your crime I frown,
But remember, it is because I have
Some children of my own."

* * * *

BLEEP.

He sees when their footsteps falter,
When their hearts grow weak and faint.

He marks when their strength is failing,
And listens to each complaint;

So bids them rest for a season, for the
pathway has grown too steep,
And folded in fair green pastures, He
giveth His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it, oh so gently, as a mother
will hush to rest,

The babe that she softly pillows, so
tenderly on her breast;

Forgetten are all the trials and sorrows
that made them weep,

For with many a soothing promise, He
giveth His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it, friends the dearest can
never this been bestow;

He touches the drooping eyelids,
and placid the features grow,

Their foes may gather about them, and
storms may around them sweep,

But, guarding them safe from danger,
He giveth His loved ones sleep.

All dread of the distant future, all
feats that oppose to day,

That mists that clear in the sunlight,
have quietly passed away,

Our walk, like theirs is done,
Till then we would yield with gladness,

our treasures to His keep,
And rejoice in the sweet assurance,

He giveth His loved ones sleep.

* * * *

ROOING MAINE.

A great moor, great and strong, is
been Maine, has gone forth,

It will reach every town from the
south to the north;

As long has the call to awake been
but at last it has come from our live

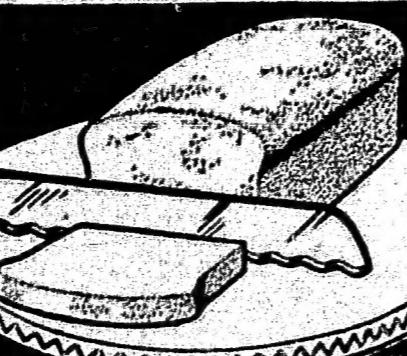
boards of trade.

The advice "to go west" has lost

its meaning to Maine;

We advise to come east and there will

be room in times past have gone
out from old Maine.



Nothing Better

than bread and butter—
when the bread is made
from William Tell Flour.
Nothing more wholesome,
either, or a better food for
growing children, because
William Tell is made from
Ohio Red Winter Wheat,
richest in nutritive value.

Milled by a special process,
William Tell goes farther. More
loaves to the sack in addition to
wonderful breadmaking qualities.

(1)

William Tell Flour

To all parts of the world, to seek fortune and fame.

To be sure, some have found lovely homes and great wealth;

Many more, weak and worn, only find loss of health,

And now years with sad hearts to return once again

To the hills and the vales of good old Mother Maine.

Rushing streams, many scores, coming down from our hills,
With their force running waste, call for men and for mills.

Ho! ye men out of work, men of brawn and of brain,

Come with us and make good in this grand State of Maine;

Build ye homes for yourselves, for your girls and your boys,

Where with wealth and good health, with sweet peace, love and joys.

They can spend happy days, live a good helpful life,

Free from ill, in some lands that bring sorrow and strife.

Untold wealth lies inert in our granite and rocks,

In our woods, in our mines, in our soil and our flocks.

Let's unlock and set free the vast stores which abound

Everywhere on our coast, in the sea, under ground.

Our good air, water pure, healthful climate, charming scenes,

All invite willing hands, hopeful hearts, men of means,

To come forth and espouse with true zeal this great boom.

Let us put away self, stand aside and make room

For brave men with staid hearts who are leading the van.

Let us join, here and now, and help on all we can.

Now we want better roads, better farms, better ways,

Better schools, of good works in all things, less delays.

Make our stream swarm with mills and our quarries with crows,

Make our farms double up, give the boys some good news;

Let them share in receipts, give a colt or a cow,

Fill their hearts full of cheer and a love for the plow.

Let all work at one man, let the world know we can

Build up Maine, place her where she belongs in the van.

Freeman W. Smith, Verona Park, Bucksport, Me.

RUMFORD POINT.

Gray Merrill is home from Auburn. O. W. Curtis has got through cooking at Fryeburg.

Mrs. Amy Hopkins took an auto trip to Stoneham, Thursday.

W. H. Pomeroy and wife returned Sunday from an auto trip to Portland and Boston.

Miss Grace Weston of Moose Hill is visiting at D. A. Merrill's.

L. Merrill of Waterville was in town Monday, buying wool.

W. H. Parker has had carbide lights installed in his house.

B. E. Gerrish and Frank Warren of Barkerville were in town, Monday.

Miss Suze Mitchell of Milan is visiting at R. E. Knight's.

* * * *

Worms and Hot Weather Make Children Sick

Get a box of Kickapoo Worm Killer today. Give it to your child according to directions, and see how quickly your sick and nervous child will get well. It cures the system of worms—clears the hollow complexion—checks pains in stomach and bowels—cures the tongue and makes the breath sweet. Its mild and tonic medicine induces sleep and tones up the system. Guaranteed to help. Money back if not satisfied. Order 50¢ at your Druggist.

Mr. and Mrs. George Holt have been visiting in town.

* * * *

HELPING SOME.

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From Stenographer To Home Owner

Miss E. W. took the Combined Course at Burdett College. From the position of stenographer, which the College obtained for her, she was soon promoted to office manager. Her marriage to a Burdett graduate followed. With the money she had saved from her salary she built a splendid home, where she reigns a happy wife and mother.

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WHAT LIFE IS LIKE IN HONOLULU

When The Ships Come In Then Things
Are Doing

ISLES OF TRANQUIL DELIGHT'

Sometimes Islands of Idiot and Killings yet Great is Hawaii

(M. J. Brown, Courier, Oregon City)

It was an interesting and entertaining sight when a shipload of militia boys came in to Honolulu, went in bunches up and down the streets, and simply ran things. I don't believe these conditions would be tolerated in any city on earth except these most remote inhabited islands on the globe.

They tell me there are about 8,000 on the Island of Oahu, and about 90 per cent. of them are soldiers because they had been failures at something else.

I talked with one of the men and he said that nearly every private is the climatic influence that stimulates, particularly whiskey, makes one who drinks too much, run amuck and do crazy stunts. That may or may not be true, but these sailors got the drunkest, the noisiest and the quickest of any bunch of men I ever saw.

A bunch of them went into one of the finest saloons of the city and made every man in it sit down.

"Sit down; you're rocking the boat," was the order, and the inmates either sat down or got out. They evidently knew what a bunch of map war sailors were.

These fellows have only a short shore leave and they make the most of it. They see how quick they can get drunk and what crazy stunts they can do.

A group of the regular militia gathered around a fellow who was trying to climb a steel electric lighting pole. He couldn't have gone up it if sober, but he could try, and when he would fall and slide down, his companions would howl in mirth, and the vulgar language was unfit for even Chinese ears.

The sailors were on a tear of rebellion, I learned. They were with the Milwaukee, the boat that took the Oregon and Washington naval militia on parole. They were out from Bremer-ton, Wash., and the ship had been out of commission for years. Through some loose cog in the commissary department it was ill fitted and poorly provisioned.

These regulars each take on a natural militiaman to teach him the game and there are as many of the regulars as the landmen. They don't like the job any too well, for as one of them told me "we have to do all the work. As soon as the 'ubbers' get tired, then we have to do their work and they are a bunch of pats, anyhow."

Then the chuck ran short and the regulars mortified. They were going from one to another urging "don't go back to the ship," and I heard that the officials had a merry time of it rounding them up at leaving time.

Yet the police, native Hawaiians, are always busy somewhere else when the sailors come in. The liquor and gambling interests run the city and native policemen are easier to handle than white officials. Yet I noted the two morning newspapers are day after day protesting against these conditions.

In the evening these sailors go to the park (they call it a park) and there mix up with soldiers, they pack over from nearby saloons great quantities of beer in quart bottles and be on the grass and drink. They have wrestling matches, fights and all sorts of sailor and soldier sports, and no topless.

A ball game was on between two Hawaiian teams one night and the sailors had no end of fun trying to break it up. The field was small, and very often the ball would come out where they were, when they would

southern California, it has been somewhat overdone. Yet when considered that these islands are in the torrid zone, the climate is indeed rare.

They say it is ever cool on the island and the temperature never goes above 80. The last statement has to be taken on trust, for certainly a thermometer couldn't be found on the islands, and as for it always being cool, it is if you find the cool place.

There is always a breeze, a cool, invigorating breeze, blowing in from the mountains, and not a day passes that you can't look up on those barren lava hills and see a local hall storm busy at it, while from two to five miles away the tropical sun beats down on you like a furnace from a cloudless sky. These local hall and rain storms continually form in the mountains; a dozen or more times a day, and they serve as fans for the city. And were it not for these I don't know how one could live there.

But one can't always find the mountain breezes. He may be on a street that shuts them off. They don't come into the restaurants, the stores and sleeping rooms. You have to go to them.

I have walked a block or two on some shut-in street, where there was not a breath of air and the sun came down in its awful straight heat, until it would seem I could not stand it, and then at the next block the mountain breeze met me, and in minute I was cool and comfortable.

It's my judgment that the Sandwich Islands have the world stopped for a winter resort, but I believe they can be beaten in July or August, and before their name "Pacific Paradise" would be taken literally there would have to be a lot more of the English language spoken.

I expect the advertising managers of the promotion office would hang me in effigy if they knew this was being written, but I always write what the other fellows do not, and I want to say they grow the biggest cockroaches on earth here, and the most of them. In the hotels, and restaurants you will see them and out on the street—some so big a bird has a tough fight to kill one.

Eating a steak in a Jap restaurant (the only variety they have) I looked over at the lunch counter and saw about a thousand, baby size, running in and out of the cracks on the side. You can guess where my appetite went. And turning on the light in my room in the middle of the night about a dozen of the big brown fellows were dancing the halo on my dresser. And another point the hotels neglect to advertise, that the beds are mosquito screened.

Although foreigners are in big majority in the Islands, very few can vote, and the native Kanakas have the right voting power. There is a strong fight for prohibition being waged by the missionaries and the better class Hawaiians, and the liquor interests are becoming alarmed. The natives take to liquor as readily as our negroes, and intemperance is becoming a menace. And in the saloons you will see these signs:

"There is no hell, but there will be if Honolulu goes dry."

I saw two drunken Kanakas in a street fight one day, rolling over on the pavement and pounding each other. A native policeman across the street looked on and laughed.

A man and woman drove up in a buggy and stopped near the fighters, while the man went into a plumbing office. The horse became frightened at the men rolling over in the street, when the policeman ran across and held the horse until the scrap was finished.

Such is Honolulu.

But it's a beautiful country, in its fertile spots one can well overlook the drawbacks. Everywhere there is tropical vegetation, and such a profusion. Great palm trees are everywhere and they say almost every tropical plant, and shrub grows there. And at night, when one stretches out on the grass, hears the most wonderful of all bands playing the most wonderful of all music; sees people from half the nations of the world in like enjoyment—well that Hawaiian rest sort of gets into your nerves and makes you a booster like the rest.

And just as I was trying to get them to the park, I found a bunch of Hawaiian girls in swimming and it was interesting to watch them. They were almost naked, but paid not the least attention to me for spectators. And such diving and swimming. They would climb up onto the pier, make a run, shoot high in the air and then dive as gracefully as fish hawks. And the speed with which they can swim seems to be a Hawaiian secret, the propelling being done largely with the feet.

But in another letter I will take up Hawaiian life, as it is lived outside of Honolulu and try to give you an interesting insight of the life of a most interesting people.

Honolulu's climate is world famous, but I am inclined to think that, like

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"GILT EDGE," the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil, Blacks, Polishes and Provisions, etc., for dress shoes, shoes without lacing, etc. "LAWN GREEN" is a new shade. "QUICK WHITE" (in liquid form with sponge) quickly dries, does not stain, and whitens. "BUCK NUBER SUÈDE AND CANVAS SHOES." In round white boxes, packed in blue boxes, with sponge, etc. In hand bags, same colors as above. Price, 25¢. The dealer does not know the price we pay, but the price in stamps for full size package, charged paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-22 Marlboro Street, Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of
Shoe Polishes in the World.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Continued from page 1.

average increase will amount to one and one-half per cent., adding about \$15,000,000 to the annual freight revenues of the eastern railroads. The poor old railroads may not have gotten what they deserved in this case, but they have run the country so long that no branch of the government appears to be courageous enough to stand up for them.

WESTERN ROADS AFTER MORE COIN.

Increases in freight rates on all the railways west of the Mississippi river are being prepared for submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Managers of the western lines, according to the best information in official circles, are prepared to contend that they need more revenue to meet the increasing expenses of operation and to point out that their lines are in even greater need of relief than the eastern lines because of necessarily longer hauls and less density of population.

THE REPUBLICAN CHAIRMAN.

As the fall elections grow nearer, it is evident that there is to be a spirited contest in every part of the United States where there is a "fighting chance" to turn the fortunes of battle one way or the other. Naturally the south is undisputed Democratic territory, and although the Democrats have a big majority in Congress at the present time, the members of that party who are managing political affairs have rather marveled at the strategic skill displayed by the now chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee. It has developed that the minority members of the House had a definite idea of what they were doing when they chose Congressman Frank P. Woods of Iowa to conduct their campaign. Mr. Woods is a quiet political worker, and now that the campaign is on the Democrats are awakening to the fact that while they supposed nothing was being done that Chairman Woods has been building bonfires under them, and they are therefore put to the necessity of retarding themselves in order to escape the conflagration. Woods has dispensed with all the brass bands, and if the gains that the Republicans confidently predicted are realized in the November elections, then the reason will be because of the new methods produced by the Iowa political leader.

"A DEVIL OF THE DEVIL."

Among the "mortality inables" dug out by Representative Fowler of Illinois in the support of the belief that "the automobile is a device of the devil," he showed that 1618 persons were killed by automobiles in the year 1913, and 6,735 injured. The number of deaths occurring from automobiles is greater than those resulting from explosions, electricity, lightning, elevators and asphyxiation.

TIME WAITS ON ART.

Art appears to be slow-moving, particularly if the experience of the government with the contractor of the Grant Memorial is a fair illustration. Although the time has long since expired when this memorial should be completed, the sculptor has asked for and received a three years' extension, in which to complete the memorial that stands near the Capitol in Washington. This work was authorized in 1901.

SPRUCE BUD WORM

Reports are coming across the border from New Brunswick that the spruce bud worm is doing great damage in that province and the authorities know no effective means of fighting the pest.

The Maine department of agriculture have had a great deal of the same affliction to contend with. The officials say:

"The increase in number of this insect, during the past three years, has given just cause for alarm among the owners of spruce, fir, larch, hemlock and white pine. We are constantly receiving letters from wild land owners and particularly from owners of summer camps who are dependent upon the beauty of their trees for a large part of their summer business, telling us of the enormous damage being done to their trees by this most serious pest. Many of the islands along the coast seem to offer particular hideouts to this insect and here we find them especially abundant. Along the highways in every part of the State, evidence of their work is plainly apparent."

During the latter part of this season, parasites in the form of spiders have accomplished a great deal in controlling them and it is to be hoped that in another season we will find that they have been more or less exterminated.

"The caterpillar begins feeding when the growth starts in the spring and becomes matured about the middle of June. It then transforms into a dark brownish-black chrysalis, emerging

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us to get top market
price for you and to
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about ten days later into a small grayish-brown moth. The flight of these moths continues from the latter part of July, during which time they deposit their eggs in small oval patches on the side of the needle. These hatch in about a week and feed on the terminal shoots of the branches for a short time before hibernating as small caterpillars in a shelter near the bud. The larvae are about four-fifths of an inch long, reddish-brown in color, with small, light reddish spots.

"In the woodlands we must depend upon parasites for their control, but in groves or where the trees are particularly valuable a better and most efficient method would be to spray with arsenate of lead, two and one-half pounds to 50 gallons of water, as soon as the new growth starts in the spring. Birds and other parasites also control them to a certain extent."



Babbitt's PURE LYE

Kills Germs Kills Odors

Use it today—the
strongest Lye in
the New Sister Can.

A LITTLE Babbitt's Lye and
a lot of water will keep your
home and barn free of all germs
and odors.

Why not try it today?—and see
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SEVERE RHEUMATIC PAINS DISAPPEAR

Rheumatism depends on an acid in the blood, which affects the muscles and joints, producing inflammation, stiffness and pain. This acid gets into the blood through some defect in the digestive process. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old-time blood tonic, is very successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It acts directly, with purifying effect, on the blood, and improves the digestion. Don't suffer. Get Hood's today.

GRANGE NOTES.

Continued from page 1.

soon placed the attendance at four hundred. At a census of the granges taken twenty-two subordinate orders were represented and two pomona, Pomona and Mansfield granges of Massachusetts were represented by Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hayes and Miss Faye Howe.

The afternoon exercises which were held in the grandstand at half past one opened with a selection by the band, after which Pomona master, J. H. Edwards called the assembly to order and introduced worthy master, C. E. Stetson. During his remarks the State Master referred to the expense of time and money taken by the members also the time and work of arranging them and he hoped the members would feel well repaid for their efforts.

With fitting words, Mr. Stetson introduced High Priest C. M. Gardner whose address was most interesting and fitting for the occasion. He is a pleasing and forceful speaker and his remarks were delivered with a sincerity that impressed his audience. "Now England to the Front," was the subject of his address. In part he said: "Now England is coming to the front because of many practical things now being done by its people and the grange is assisting in the work. We are close together here, education is being more considered. Country improvement leagues are now being formed in some sections. Earliest pest have been created. Interstate Commerce has assisted in regulating freight rates and a great co-operative spirit is helping us."

"Now England is well located for shipping facilities. The west is growing orchards but their freight rates are against them. Let us consider our shipping opportunities." He then referred to the variety of the crops possible to raise here. In the west it is one staple crop, whereas here we can raise such a variety. It is wonderful. In a Massachusetts exhibition 121 different staple agricultural products raised in that state were shown.

The agricultural products and the population are increasing and if necessary we can drain our swamps and double our supply of products. We have the land, let us work it.

State Lecturer C. O. Partridge gave a very forceful talk on the benefits of education. Briefly he said: "Among the callings of men today that of agriculture is most essential and the efficiency of our public schools depends upon their relation to the farmers. The people must be fed. There is much true wealth in farming and it is highly important that we use good seed."

Naturally the cities have led in the courses of studies which have caused the people to move from their rural homes but the city boy knows nothing about the crops of the country as compared with the country boy. But more education should be given them in our country schools.

Seventy five years ago out of every 100 people 22 then lived in the country. Today only 11 do. All the increase is in the cities. There are 1500 less people in the country towns than there were twenty years ago.

The rehabilitation of the country services is needed. More efficient roadways are needed. It may be they will cost more but why should not rural schools be well maintained? Some plan should be adopted to assist poor country towns in having more adequate schools."

SONG FOND.

Mr. Gilbert Ruth spent Sunday at Oxford, going up on the excursion.

Mr. Fred Murphy, who has been in Peru and Stamford for the past two months, arrived at A. B. Kimball's recently. He is now working for R. Marley driving a pair of horses on the State road.

Mrs. Vira Holt of Bethel was the guest of Mrs. Millard, George, Sunday.

Misses Tex Lager, Hermosa Brown and Henry Hagg left Bethel, Thursday for Montreal, there taking the famous extended tour for the week.

Miss Kimball sold the Upper Schoolhouse to Miss Ella Seaman of Bethel.

Mrs. Mrs. Gerald of Cape Cod is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. J. McElroy.

Mr. Joe A. Nick is advertising his brother-in-law, Dr. William A. Gottschall and Mrs. Gottschall, of New York City.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

STATE AUDITOR CALLAHAN TELLS OF CONDITION OF THE STATE'S FINANCES

Tax Rate for the Two Years Has Been Reduced; Some Other Facts.

Total cash in treasury Aug. 1, 1914, exclusive of any bond money, is \$771,629.71. The largest cash balance on any Aug. 1 for over 25 years. Cash in treasury, including bond money, is \$1,130,493.59.

That this administration reduced the tax rate for the two years.

That it received for State taxes over \$500,000 less than its predecessors.

That it appropriated for the construction of new schools and public buildings, highways, bridges and public improvements over \$1,100,000 more than the last administration.

That it has reduced the State debt for the 10 months to Aug. 1, 1914, \$368,407.22, and if we include the payment of \$200,000 of back bills left by its predecessor, the reduction would be over \$550,000.

That the State returned to the 500 cities, towns and plantations, for school funds, railroad tax and other receipts more money than those same cities, towns and plantations paid into the treasury for State taxes.

The foregoing summarizes the facts contained in a letter addressed to Gov. Hinnes by State Auditor Callahan in which the conduct of the State finances during the past year and a half is reviewed. In his letter Auditor Callahan says:

"It has been the settled policy of this State for many years through its Legislature to provide liberally for the care and maintenance of its various State institutions, to appropriate for the construction of new buildings required for its several State normal schools and other State institutions, and to assist in the construction of buildings for charitable purposes, such as hospitals, as well as to aid the smaller towns by special appropriations for roads and bridges.

"The Legislature of 1911 departed almost entirely from this policy in so far as it relates to the aid of towns, and made no appropriations for the construction of new buildings for any State, charitable or educational institution for the years 1911 and 1912. As a result of this policy the Legislature of 1912 was confronted with larger demands than usual for aid from all over the State. To heed the many worthy calls for extra appropriations for new buildings from the various State institutions, and also to assist the towns in their highways without increasing the tax rate for the two years, was an important problem before the Legislature of 1913. This was made all the more difficult because the State tax of 1912, which formed the principal part of the State tax receipts for 1913, was not enough to warrant any appropriation for new buildings but these demands were met and the appropriations made."

After giving a table showing the rate of taxation for the two years of the Plaisted administration and the two years of the Hinnes and the amount received each year, the State auditor elaborates upon the figures as follows:

"You will note that the State tax assessed in 1912 amounted to \$1,309,435; you will also note that the amount received for State taxes by the Plaisted administration in that year was \$2,629,634.16, or \$517,522.81 more than their total assessment. The amount of State tax for 1913 was \$2,392,036.39, the receipts for State tax was but \$1,871,262.42, or \$21,732.97 less than the amount assessed. This comes about from the fact that only about 11 per cent. of the State tax assessed is received into the treasury the year in which it is committed, the balance coming in the following year. Of the \$2,392,036.39 State tax for 1913, but \$250,626.83 was received last year and \$2,140,413.56 has been received thus far for this year."

The total tax rate for the years 1911 and 1912 was ten mills upon the assessed valuation of the State. The total tax rate for the years 1913 and 1914 was 9 1/2 mills. It would appear as though the administration of 1911 and 1912 had the benefit of only 1/2 mill more taxation than the administration of 1913 and 1914. This would be so if the State taxes were received the year they were assessed, but as a matter of fact the Plaisted administration had the receipts from the five mills of 1910 and the six mills of 1911, a total of 11 mills and the present administration have the receipts from the four mills of 1912 and the five mills of 1913, a total of nine mills.

To summarize, the Plaisted administration assessed taxes for the years 1911 and 1912 of ten mills and received the receipts on 11 mills, a total for State taxes of \$1,703,502.06. The present administration assessed a total tax for the years 1913 and 1914 of 9 1/2 mills and received the receipts on nine mills, a total for State taxes of \$1,751,433.

Thus it can be seen that this ad-

We'll Pay You \$1.00

FOR YOUR

OLD FOUNTAIN PEN

For a Short Time Only

Provided You Buy a Crocker

"INK-TITE"

Fountain Pen, here

(Only one pen taken in exchange for each new pen purchased)

The new perfected "Ink-Tite" is the ONLY self-filling, non-leaking pen ever offered.

Every Crocker "Ink-Tite" Pen is guaranteed to be a FAR BETTER PEN than you have ever known.

Exchange Your Old Pen Now

DON'T WAIT**EDWARD KING**

Bethel, Maine

ministration will receive for State taxes over \$500,000 less than the previous administration.

The total amount of appropriation bills passed by the Legislature of 1911 included authority for temporary loan, amounting to \$8,749,556.83. The total amount of appropriation bills passed by the Legislature of 1913, including authority for temporary loans were \$10,185,793.11 or \$1,361,242.23 more than for 1911 and 1912. In addition to this the Governor and council by council order apportioned from the amount received for automobile fees between Jan. 1, 1913 and July 19, 1913, when the new law went into effect, \$119,115.70 among about 170 cities, towns and plantations.

"An administration with such a record can hardly be running in debt or doing business on borrowed money."

"At the election of 1912, the voters of Maine adopted an amendment to the constitution empowering the Legislature to authorize the issuing of bonds for building State highways.

Under that authority State highway bonds have been issued and sold, and as this report shows, the money for the sale of \$107,000 of bonds has been received into the State treasury up to Aug. 1, 1914. This money can only be used as the act provides, 'solely for the building and maintaining of State highways.' These bonds and the interest on the same are paid out of the automobile license fee received and without any tax on the State.

"Before closing I wish to say a word regarding the business of this office. One of the progressive business measures passed by the Legislature of 1913 was chapter 217, of the public laws of 1913, which provides that all fees or incomes payable to any institution, board or commission of the State shall be paid into the State treasury, and all bills of institutions shall be audited by the State auditor. Under this act all bills of institutions and boards came more closely under the inspection of the auditor's office before payment; under this act all the receipts of the State prison are paid into the State treasury and all bills come through the State auditor's office and warrant drawn for payment like all other bills. Heretofore, the warden received all the money for merchandise sold and paid for all merchandise bought, with no auditing of his accounts by the State auditor's office. Every department head is urged to have all bills carrying a discount paid within the required time, this office giving an order for the State treasurer to advance the payment when necessary. In this way a large sum of money will be saved to the State each year. Payment of all current bills are met more promptly than ever before."

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"In addition to the present government paid deficiency bills of the last administration for which no provisions for payment had been made and which including the correction of an error of \$15,763.96, in the Penobscot Indian trust fund, will amount to about \$200,000.

"After giving a table showing the extra appropriations for the past four years comment is made as follows:

The above table is quite an object lesson to show how the respective governments of 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914 appropriated extra money for the needs of the State for public improvements in buildings, highways, bridges and miscellaneous improvements. The Legislature of 1911 appropriated for these purposes for 1911 and 1912, \$60,437.78 against \$1,32,977.00 appropriated for 1913 and 1914 by the Legislature of 1913 a difference of \$66,132.

The Legislature of 1913 also increased the regular appropriations of departments where it was necessary.

"Another point I wish to call attention to is the fact that the total State tax for 1913 was 10 mills upon the assessed valuation of the State. The total tax rate for the years 1913 and 1914 was 9 1/2 mills. It would appear as though the administration of 1911 and 1912 had the benefit of only 1/2 mill more taxation than the administration of 1913 and 1914. This would be so if the State taxes were received the year they were assessed, but as a matter of fact the Plaisted administration had the receipts from the five mills of 1910 and the six mills of 1911, a total of 11 mills and the present administration have the receipts from the four mills of 1912 and the five mills of 1913, a total of nine mills.

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Thus it can be seen that this ad-

bond, we had a cash balance in treasury Aug. 1, 1914 (as can be seen in the report below), of \$771,629.71, the largest cash balance on any Aug. 1 for over 25 years.

"The cash statement for the month of July with a true statement of assets and liabilities of the State on Aug. 1, 1914, herewith submitted, may be particularly interesting at this time to those speakers who seek to criticize the finances of the State and are giving the impression that this administration is running in debt or paying its bills on borrowed money. This administration has never borrowed a single dollar for a temporary loan to pay its bills, and is making it a practice in all departments to save the discount for the State on every discount bill by prompt payment of the same. An administration whose receipts from State taxes are over a half a million dollars less than that of its predecessor, whose appropriations for the benefit of its citizens are almost a million and a half dollars more than the one which preceded it; which has paid back bills of that predecessor amounting to nearly \$200,000, and has reduced the State debt in 19 months \$368,407.22, and if we should add, as has been the former practice, the back bills left over, to the debt of \$1,249,663.92, as reported Dec. 31, 1912, it would make the reduction \$368,407.22, but over \$550,000; which has in its treasury \$1,130,493.59; of which \$771,629.71 is general funds, the largest cash balance on any Aug. 1 for over 25 years.

"An administration with such a record can hardly be running in debt or doing business on borrowed money."

"At the election of 1912, the voters of Maine adopted an amendment to the constitution empowering the Legislature to authorize the issuing of bonds for building State highways.

Under that authority State highway bonds have been issued and sold, and as this report shows, the money for the sale of \$107,000 of bonds has been received into the State treasury up to Aug. 1, 1914. This money can only be used as the act provides, 'solely for the building and maintaining of State highways.'

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